

Exercises

1. Tick (✓) the correct answer.

a. A formula in Excel should always begin with

- (i) ✓ = (ii) @ (iii) & (iv) None of these

b. Which among the following operator is used to perform Text Concatenation?

- (i) = (ii) @ (iii) ✓ & (iv) +

c. Which of the following mathematical operators is used to perform exponentiation?

- (i) = (ii) @ (iii) ✓ ^ (iv) +

d. Which is an example of Absolute Cell Reference?

- (i) A5 (ii) \$A5 (iii) A\$5 (iv) ✓ \$A\$5

e. Among the following which is not a part of a function?

- (i) = (ii) Function Name (iii) Function Argument (iv) ✓ Operators

2. State whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

a. Formulas in Excel always begins with an '=' symbol.

T

b. The & operator is used for concatenation of text.

T

c. The ^ (caret) symbol is used to find the product of numbers in a group of cells.

F

d. The \$ symbol is used for absolute cell reference.

e. =TOTAL() function is used to find the sum of all numbers within a cell range.

Fill in the blanks with the given words.

Function

Absolute

PRODUCT

NewDelhi

FORMULAS

a. The Insert Function button is present in the FORMULAS tab.

b. = "New" & "Delhi" will display ...New.Delhi...

c. The PRODUCT function is used to multiply all numbers within a given range.

d. A Function is a pre-defined formula.

e. In Absolute cell referencing the cell reference remains constant when copied.